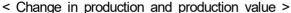
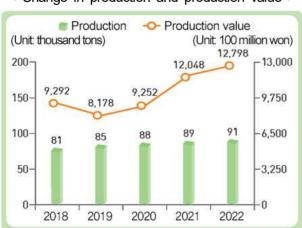
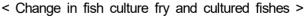


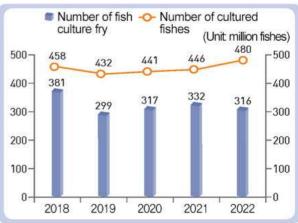
# Preliminary Results of the Survey on the Status of Fish Culture in 2022

- In 2022, the number of workers, the production, the production value, the fish culture area and the number of cultured fishes showed a year-on-year increase owing to increased demand for eating out resulting from measures to ease social distancing.
  - In the meantime, the number of fish culture households (including establishments) recorded a year-on-year decrease owing to the aging of household heads and mergers of small establishments. The number of fish culture fry recorded a year-on-year decrease owing to lack of space.
- (Number of workers) The number of fish culture workers was 5,049 persons in 2022, which rose by 189 persons (3.9%) from 2021.
- (**Production**) The production of fish culture stood at 91 thousand tons in 2022, which grew by 2 thousand tons (13%) from 2021.
- (**Production value**) The production value of fish culture recorded 1.2798 trillion won in 2022, which grew by 74.9 billion won (6.2%) from 2021.
- (Number of cultured fishes) The number of cultured fishes was 480 million in 2022, which rose by 34 million (7.7%) from 2021.
- (Amount of feed) The total amount of feed recorded 550 thousand tons in 2022, which grew by 2 thousand tons (0.4%) from 2021.
- O (Number of fish culture households) The number of fish culture households (including establishments) marked 1,463 households in 2022, which declined by 75 households (4.9%) from 2021.
- (Number of fish culture fry) The number of fish culture fry 316 million in 2022, which fell by 17 million (5.0%) from 2021.









# 1. Fish culture households (including establishments)

The number of fish culture households (including establishments) was 1,463 households in 2022, which dropped by 75 households (4.9%) from 1,538 households in 2021.

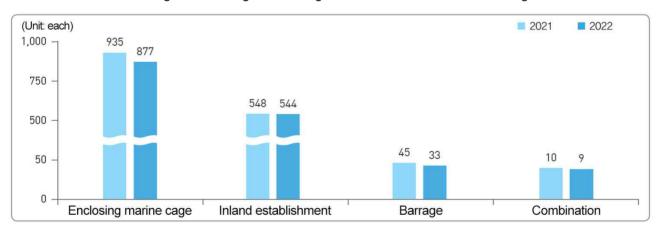
- The number of fish culture households (including establishments) declined by 75 households (-4.9%) from 1,538 households in 2021 to 1,463 households in 2022.
- The number of fish culture households (including establishments) of 'Enclosing marine cages' declined by 58 households (-6.2%) from 935 households in 2021 to 877 households in 2022.
- The number of fish culture households (including establishments) of 'Inland establishments' dropped by 4 households (-0.7%) from 548 households in 2021 to 544 households in 2022.
- The number of fish culture households (including establishments) of 'Barrages' fell by 12 households (-26.7%) from 45 households in 2021 to 33 households in 2022.

< Fish culture households by culture type >

(Unit: each, %)

	202	21	202	22 <sup>p)</sup>	Year-on-year			
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)		
Total	1,538	100.0	1,463	100.0	-75	-4.9		
Enclosing marine cage	935	60.8	877	59.9	-58	-6.2		
Inland establishment	548	35.6	544	37.2	-4	-0.7		
Barrage	45	2.9	33	2.3	-12	-26.7		
Combination <sup>1)</sup>	10	0.7	9	0.6	-1	-10.0		

1) Combination: Enclosing marine cage + Inland establishment / Enclosing marine cage + Barrage / Inland establishment + Barrage / Enclosing marine cage + Inland establishment + Barrage



#### 2. Fish culture workers

The number of fish culture workers was 5,049 persons in 2022, which grew by 189 persons (3.9%) from 4,860 persons in 2021.

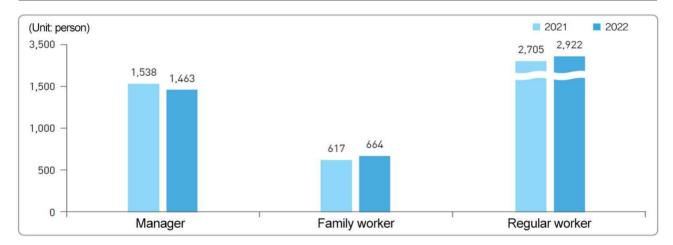
- The total number of fish culture workers grew by 189 persons (3.9%) from 4,860 persons in 2021 to 5,049 persons in 2022.
- The number of managers fell by 75 persons (-4.9%) from 1,538 persons in 2021 to 1,463 persons in 2022.

- The number of family workers grew by 47 persons (7.6%) from 617 persons in 2021 to 664 persons in 2022.
- The number of regular workers grew by 217 persons (8.0%) from 2,705 persons in 2021 to 2,922 persons in 2022.

< Number of workers by status >

(Unit: person, %)

	202	21	202	22 <sup>p)</sup>	Year-on-year	
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
Total	4,860	100.0	5,049	100.0	189	3.9
Manager	1,538	31.6	1,463	29.0	-75	-4.9
Family worker	617	12.7	664	13.2	47	7.6
Regular worker	2,705	55.7	2,922	57.9	217	8.0



### 3. Production

#### (1) Production

The production of fish culture marked 91 thousand tons in 2022, which grew by 2 thousand tons (1.3%) from 89 thousand tons in 2021.

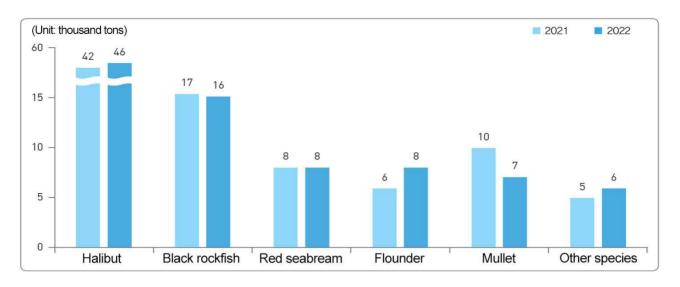
- The production of fish culture grew by 2 thousand tons (1.3%) from 89 thousand tons in 2021 to 91 thousand tons in 2022.

< Production by species >

(Unit: thousand tons, %)

	20	21	202	22 <sup>p)</sup>	Year-on-year	
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
Total	89	100.0	91	100.0	1	1.3
Halibut	42	46.7	46	50.5	4	9.6
Black rockfish	17	19.5	16	17.6	-1	-7.4
Red seabream	8	9.3	8	8.8	0	-2.8
Flounder	6	6.9	8	8.8	2	24.3
Mullet	10	11.6	7	7.7	-3	-30.1
Other species <sup>1)</sup>	5	5.9	6	6.6	0	4.2

<sup>1)</sup> Other species: Rock bream, common sea bass, filefish, other sea bream, chub mackerel, etc.



# (2) Production value

The production value of fish culture recorded 1.2798 trillion won in 2022, which rose by 74.9 billion won (6.2%) from 1.2048 trillion won in 2021.

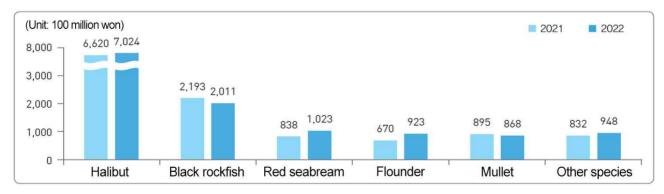
- The production value of fish culture rose by 74.9 billion won (6.2%) from 1.2048 trillion in 2021 to 1.2798 trillion won in 2022.

< Production value by species >

(Unit: 100 million won, %)

	20	21	202	22 <sup>p)</sup>	Year-on-year	
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
Total	12,048	100.0	12,798	100.0	749	6.2
Halibut	6,620	54.9	7,024	54.9	405	6.1
Black rockfish	2,193	18.2	2,011	15.7	-182	-8.3
Red seabream	838	7.0	1,023	8.0	185	22.1
Flounder	670	5.6	923	7.2	253	37.8
Mullet	895	7.4	868	6.8	-27	-3.0
Other species1)	832	6.9	948	7.4	116	13.9

1) Other species: Rock bream, common sea bass, filefish, other sea bream, chub mackerel, etc.



#### 4. Fish culture area

The fish culture area amounted to 3.51 million  $m^2$  in 2022, which grew by 60 thousand  $m^2$  (1.8%) from 3.45 million  $m^2$  in 2021.

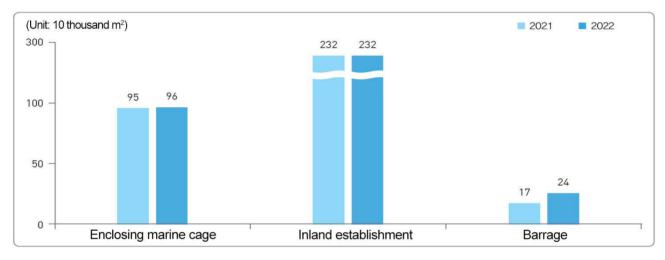
- The fish culture area amounted to 3.51 million  $m^2$  in 2022, which grew by 60 thousand  $m^2$  (1.8%) from 3.45 million m2 in 2021.

- $\cdot$  The fish culture area of 'Enclosing marine cages' amounted to 960 thousand m<sup>2</sup> in 2022, which grew by 3 thousand m<sup>2</sup> (0.3%) from 950 thousand m<sup>2</sup> in 2021.
- $\cdot$  The fish culture area of 'Inland establishments' amounted to 2.32 million m<sup>2</sup> in 2022, which fell by 10 thousand m<sup>2</sup> (-0.3%) from 2.32 million m<sup>2</sup> in 2021.
- The fish culture area of 'Barrages' amounted to 240 thousand m<sup>2</sup> in 2022, which grew by 70 thousand m<sup>2</sup> (39.1%) from 170 thousand m<sup>2</sup> in 2021.

< Fish culture area by culture type >

(Unit: 10 thousand m<sup>2</sup>, %)

	20:	21	2022 <sup>p)</sup> Year-on-ye			n-year
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
Total	345	100.0	351	100.0	6	1.8
Enclosing marine cage	95	27.6	96	27.1	0	0.3
Inland establishment	232	67.4	232	65.6	-1	-0.3
Barrage	17	5.0	24	7.3	7	39.1



# 5. Number of fish culture fry

The number of fish culture fry stood at 316 million in 2022, which dropped by 17 million (5.0%) from 332 million in 2021.

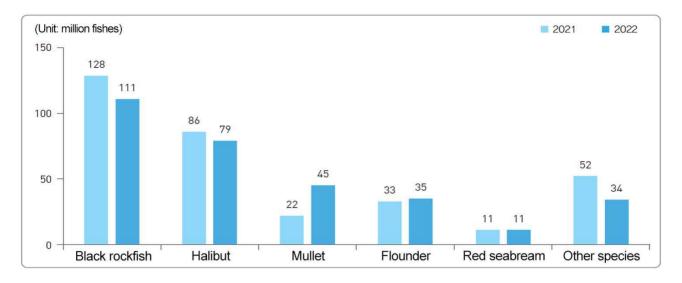
- The number of fish culture fry fell by 17 million (-5.0%) from 332 million in 2021 to 316 million in 2022.

< Number of fish culture fry by species >

(Unit: million fishes, %)

	20	21	2022 <sup>p)</sup> Year-on-year			n-year
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
Total	332	100.0	316	100.0	-17	-5.0
Black rockfish	128	38.6	111	35.1	-18	-13.7
Halibut	86	25.9	79	25.0	-7	-8.0
Mullet	22	6.6	45	14.4	23	103.5
Flounder	33	9.9	35	11.1	2	6.4
Red seabream	11	3.3	11	3.6	0	4.5
Other species <sup>1)</sup>	52	15.7	34	10.9	-18	-34.1

<sup>1)</sup> Other species: Rock bream, common sea bass, filefish, other sea bream, chub mackerel, etc.



# 6. Number of cultured fishes

The number of cultured fishes was 480 million in 2022, whichgrew by 34 million (7.7%) from 446 million in 2021.

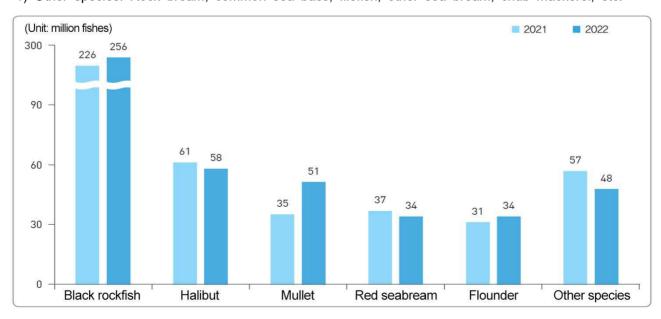
- The number of cultured fish grew by 34 million (7.7%) from 446 million in 2020 to 480 million in 2022.

< Number of cultured fishes by species >

(Unit: million fishes, %)

	2021		202	22 <sup>p)</sup>	Year-on-year	
Classification	(A)	Share	(B)	Share	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
Total	446	100.0	480	100.0	34	7.7
Black rockfish	226	50.7	256	53.3	30	13.4
Halibut	61	13.6	58	12.1	-3	-4.3
Mullet	35	7.8	51	10.5	16	45.5
Red seabream	37	8.3	34	7.1	-3	-7.7
Flounder	31	6.9	34	7.0	3	8.3
Other species <sup>1)</sup>	57	12.7	48	10.0	-9	-15.7

1) Other species: Rock bream, common sea bass, filefish, other sea bream, chub mackerel, etc.



#### 7. Amount of feed

The total amount of feed recorded 550 thousand tons in 2022, which grew by 2 thousand tons (0.4%) from 548 thousand tons in 2021.

- The total amount of feed rose by 2 thousand tons (0.4%) from 548 thousand tons in 2021 to 550 thousand tons in 2022.
- The amount of raw fish pellet declined by 3 thousand tons (-0.7%) from 459 thousand tons in 2021 to 456 thousand tons in 2022.
- The amount of formulated dry pellet rose by 5 thousand tons (6.0%) from 88 thousand tons in 2021 to 94 thousand tons in 2022.

< Amount of feed by species >

(Unit: thousand tons, %)

				Year-c	n-year
Classification		2021 (A)	2022 <sup>p)</sup> (B)	Change (C=B-A)	Percent change (C/A)
	Total	548	550	2	0.4
	Raw fish pellet	459	456	-3	-0.7
Dy type	(Share)	(83.9)	(82.9)	-3	-0.7
By type	Formulated dry pellet	88	94	E	6.0
	(Share)	(16.1)	(17.1)	5	
	Halibut	262	264	1	0.4
	Black rockfish	127	132	4	3.5
Ву	Red seabream	64	62	-2	-3.5
species	Mullet	27	28	1	2.5
	Flounder	14	17	3	25.1
	Other species <sup>1)</sup>	53	48	-5	-10.2

1) Other species: Rock bream, common sea bass, filefish, other sea bream, chub mackerel, etc.

