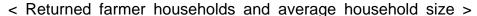
2017 Statistics of Returned Farmers & Fishermen and Migrators to Rural Regions

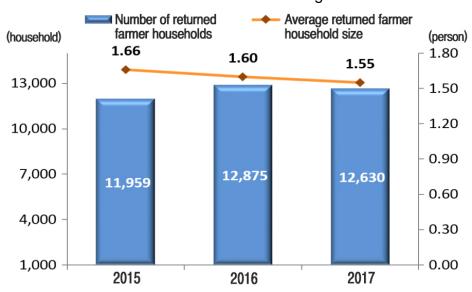
1. Returned Farmers

☐ (Returned farmer households)

The number of returned farmer households was 12,630 households in 2017, which dropped by 245 households (\triangle 1.9%) from 2016.

- As for returned farmer households by province, Gyeongbuk recorded the highest figure of 2,316 households, which was followed by Jeonnam (1,925 households) and Gyeongnam (1,668 households).
- The average returned farmer household size was 1.55 persons in 2017, down 0.05 compared to 1.60 persons in 2016.



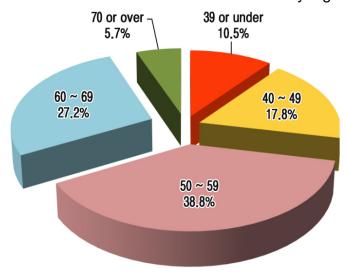


☐ (Returned farmer household heads by sex and age group)

Males accounted for 67.1% of the total returned farmer household heads. The average age of returned farmer household heads stood at 54.3 years in 2017. Returned farmer household heads aged $50 \sim 69$ occupied 66.0% of the total returned farmer household heads.

Compared to the previous year, the share of returned farmer household heads aged 60
69 showed an increase. Whereas, the other age groups showed a decrease.

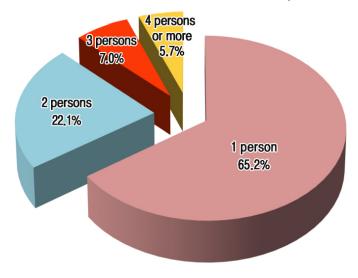
< Share of returned farmer household heads by age group >



☐ (Composition of returned farmer households)

1-person households took up 65.2% of the total returned farmer households. Unmixed returned farmer households, in other words, households consisting of only returned farmer household members, occupied 87.0%. Whereas, mixed returned farmer households, in other words, households consisting of returned farmer household members as well as residents in rural areas, occupied 13.0%.

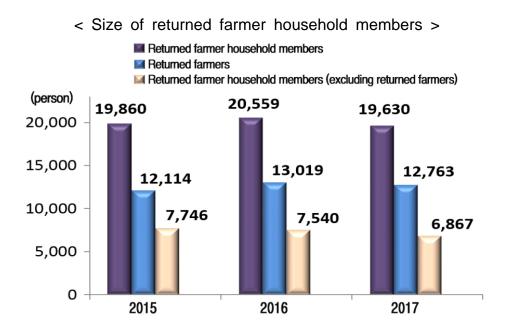
< Composition of returned farmer households by household size >



☐ (Size of returned farmer household members)

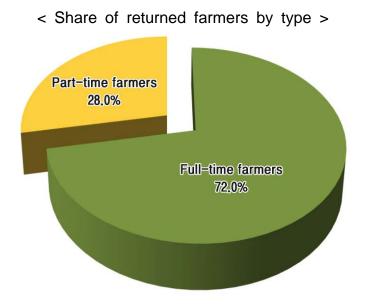
Returned farmers and their household members recorded 19,630 persons in 2017, decreasing by 929 persons ($\triangle 4.5\%$) from 20,559 persons in 2016.

 \bigcirc Returned farmers totaled 12,763 persons in 2017, dropping by 256 persons (\triangle 2.0%) from 2016. Their household members totaled 6,867 persons in 2017, falling by 673 persons (\triangle 8.9%) from 2016.



☐ (Returned farmers by type)

Full-time returned farmers amounted to 9,194 persons, which occupied 72.0% of the total returned farmers. In the meantime, part-time returned farmers amounted to 3,569 persons, which occupied 28.0% of the total returned farmers.



☐ (Cultivated area, main crops and whether to rent agricultural land)

Households growing crops amounted to 7,660 households. Their average cultivated area stood at $0.38ha~(3,815 \,\mathrm{m}^2)$. Households growing vegetables occupied 43.6% of the total crop-growing households, which was followed by households growing fruits (31.2%).

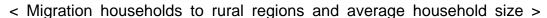
O Households with own cultivated land accounted for 65.1%. In the meantime, households with rental cultivated land for growing crops accounted for 34.9%.

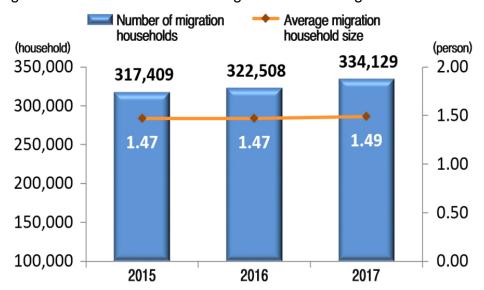
2. Migrators to Rural Regions

☐ (Migration households to rural regions)

The number of migration households to rural regions was 334,129 households in 2017, which rose by 11,621 households (3.6%) from 322,508 households in 2016.

- As for migration households by province, Gyeonggi recorded the highest figure of 89,551 households (26.8%), which was followed by Gyeongnam (41,906 households) and Gyeongbuk (36,812 households).
- The average migration household size was 1.49 persons in 2017, rising by 0.02 from 1.47 persons in 2016.

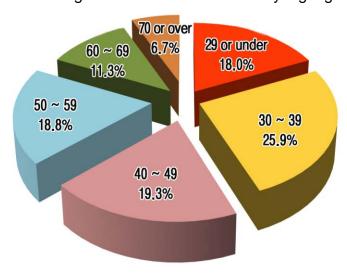




☐ (Migration household heads by sex and age group)

Males accounted for 62.4% of the total migration household heads. The average age of migration household heads stood at 44.7 years in 2017. Migration household heads aged $30 \sim 39$ occupied the largest share at 25.9%, which was followed by those aged $40 \sim 49$ (19.3%).

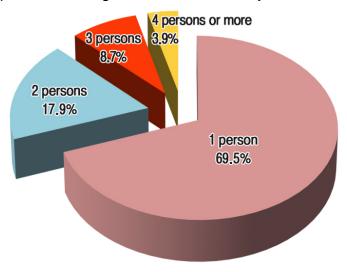




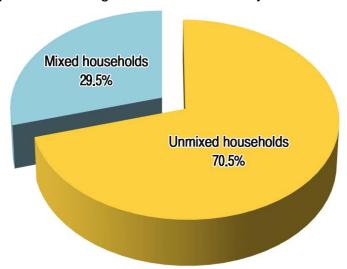
☐ (Composition of migration households)

1-person households occupied 69.5% of the total migration households to rural regions. Unmixed migration households to rural regions, in other words, households consisting of only migration household members, occupied 70.5%. Whereas, mixed migration households, in other words, households consisting of migration household members as well as residents in rural areas and fishing villages, occupied 29.5%.

< Composition of migration households by household size >



< Composition of migration households by household type >

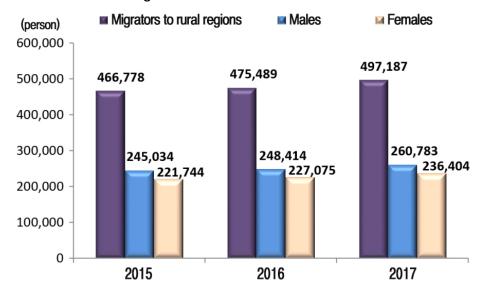


☐ (Migrators to rural regions and migrators by age group)

The number of migrators to rural regions recorded 497,187 persons in 2017, increasing by 21,698 persons (4.6%) from 2016. Male and female migrators marked 260,783 persons and 236,404 persons, respectively.

 \bigcirc The average age of migrators stood at 40.5 years in 2017. Migrators aged 29 or less occupied the largest share at 26.6%, which was followed by those aged 30 \sim 39 (24.4%) and those aged 40 \sim 49 (16.9%).

< Migrators to rural regions, migration household heads and migration household members >



☐ (Residence place before migration)

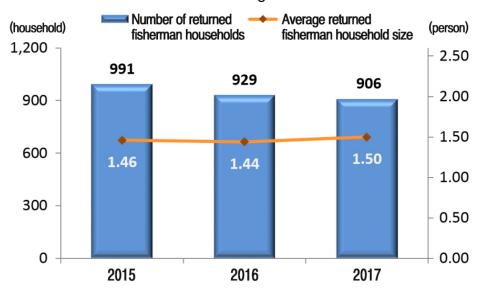
As for residence place before migration, Gyeonggi recorded the highest figure of 120,389 persons (24.2%), which was followed by Seoul (70,402 persons, 14.2%) and Gyeongnam (42,156 persons, 8.5%). Seoul Capital Area (Seoul, Incheon and Gyeonggi) accounted for 42.3%.

3. Returned Fishermen

☐ (Returned fisherman households)

The number of returned fisherman households was 906 households in 2017, which fell by 23 households (\triangle 2.5%) from 2016.

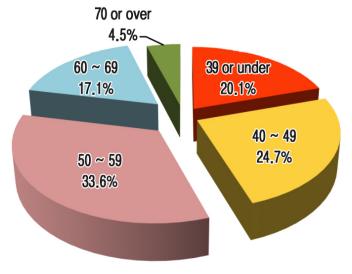
- As for returned fisherman households by province, Chungnam recorded the highest figure of 328 households (36.2%), which was followed by Jeonnam (285 households) and Gyeongnam (92 households).
- The average returned fisherman household size was 1.50 persons in 2017, up 0.06 compared to 1.44 persons in 2016.
- < Returned fisherman households and average returned fisherman household size >



☐ (Returned fisherman household heads by sex and age group)

Males accounted for 69.6% of the total returned fisherman household heads. The average age of returned fisherman household heads stood at 50.1 years in 2017. Returned fisherman household heads aged $40 \sim 59$ occupied 58.3%.

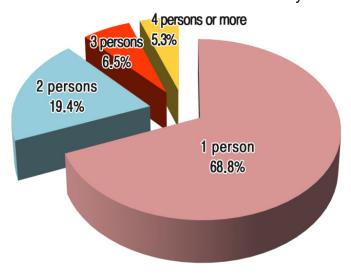
< Share of returned fisherman household heads by age group >



☐ (Composition of returned fisherman households)

1-person households took up 68.8% of the total returned fisherman households. Unmixed returned fisherman households, in other words, households consisting of only returned fisherman household members, occupied 74.0%. Whereas, mixed returned fisherman households, in other words, households consisting of returned fisherman household members as well as residents in fishing villages, occupied 26.0%.

< Composition of returned fisherman households by household size >

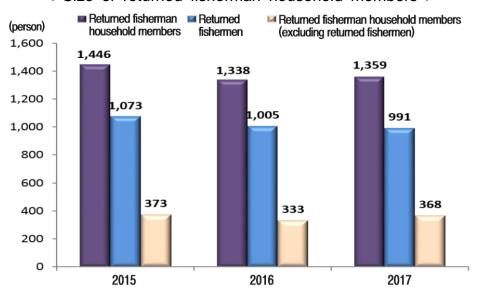


☐ (Size of returned fisherman household members)

Returned fishermen and their household members totaled 1,359 persons in 2017, rising by 21 persons (1.6%) compared to 1,338 persons in 2016.

○ Returned fishermen totaled 991 persons in 2017, declining 14 persons (△1.4%) from 2016. Their household members totaled 368 persons in 2017, rising 35 persons (10.5%) from 2016.

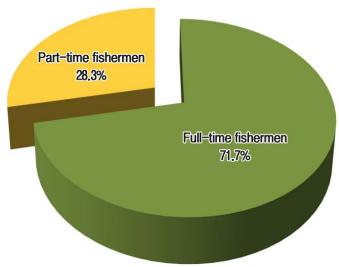
< Size of returned fisherman household members >



☐ (Returned fishermen by type)

Full-time returned fishermen amounted to 711 persons, which occupied 71.7% of the total returned fishermen. In the meantime, part-time returned fishermen amounted to 280 persons, which occupied 28.3% of the total returned fishermen.

< Share of returned fishermen by type >



☐ (Returned fishermen by fishery type)

92.7% of returned fishermen were engaged in 'Coastal and offshore fisheries'. 4.4% and 2.8% of returned fishermen were engaged in 'Inland waters fisheries' and 'Aquaculture', respectively.