

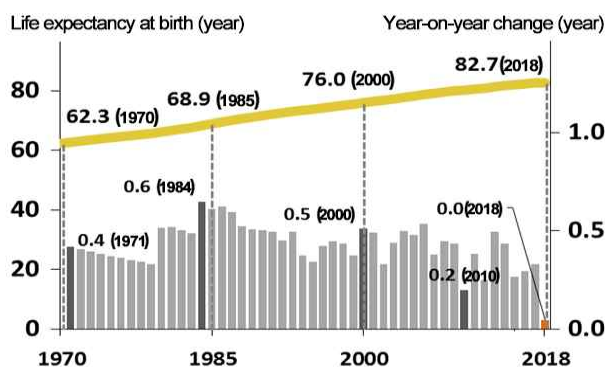


Life Tables for Korea, 2018

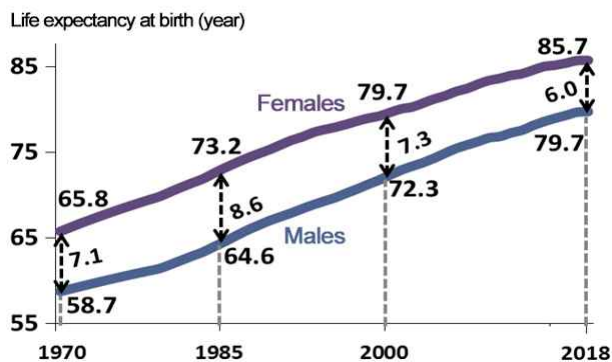
In 2018, the life expectancy at birth stood at 82.7 years, rising by 0.0 year from 2017.

- If people would experience the current age-specific death rates in 2018, the life expectancy at birth for males marked 79.7 years, which rose by 0.1 year from 2017. The life expectancy at birth for females marked 85.7 years, which rose by 0.0 year from 2017.
- In 2018, the gender gap in life expectancy at birth recorded 6.0 years, which showed a decreasing trend after marking a peak of 8.6 years in 1985.

< Life expectancy at birth and year-on-year change (1970-2018) >

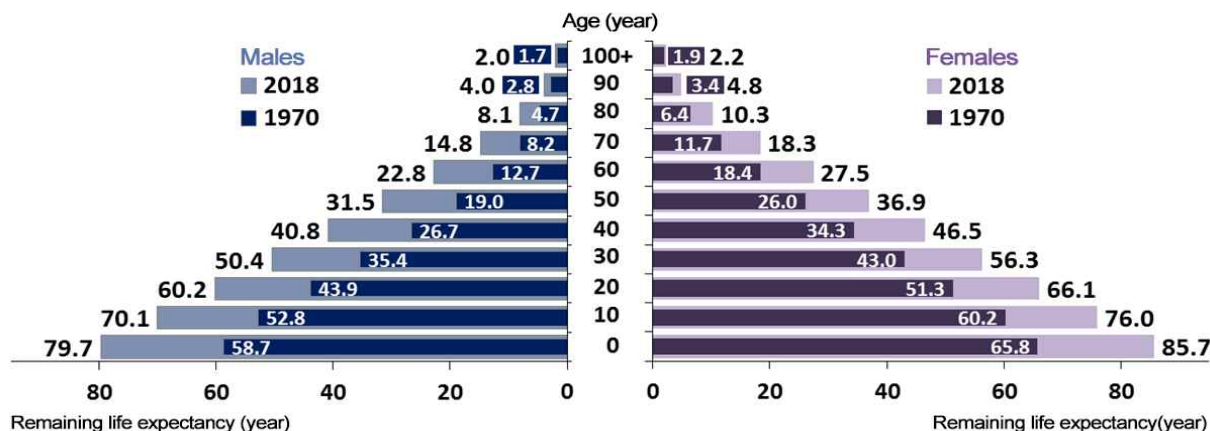


< Life expectancy at birth by sex and gender gap (1970-2018) >



- In 2018, the remaining life expectancy at age 60 recorded 22.8 years for males, which rose by 0.0 year from 2017. The remaining life expectancy at age 60 recorded 27.5 years for females, which rose by 0.1 year from 2017.

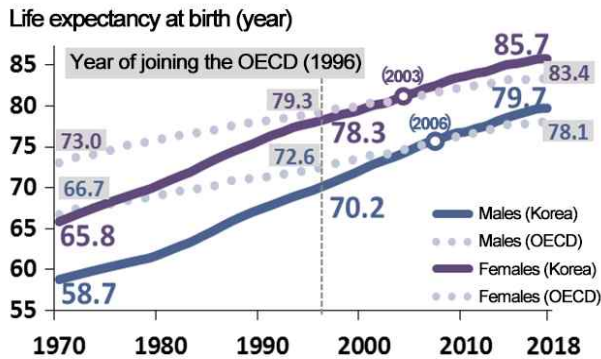
< Remaining life expectancy by sex and age (1970, 2018) >



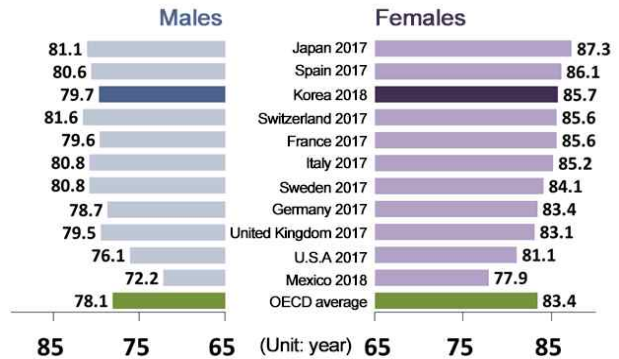
The life expectancy at birth of Korean males was 1.7 years longer than the OECD average. The life expectancy at birth of Korean females was 2.4 years longer than the OECD average.

- The life expectancy at birth of Korean males stood at 79.7 years, which was 1.7 years longer than the OECD average of males (78.1 years). The life expectancy at birth of Korean females stood at 85.7 years, which was 2.4 years longer than the OECD average of females (83.4 years).

< Life expectancy at birth: OECD average and Korea (1970-2018) >



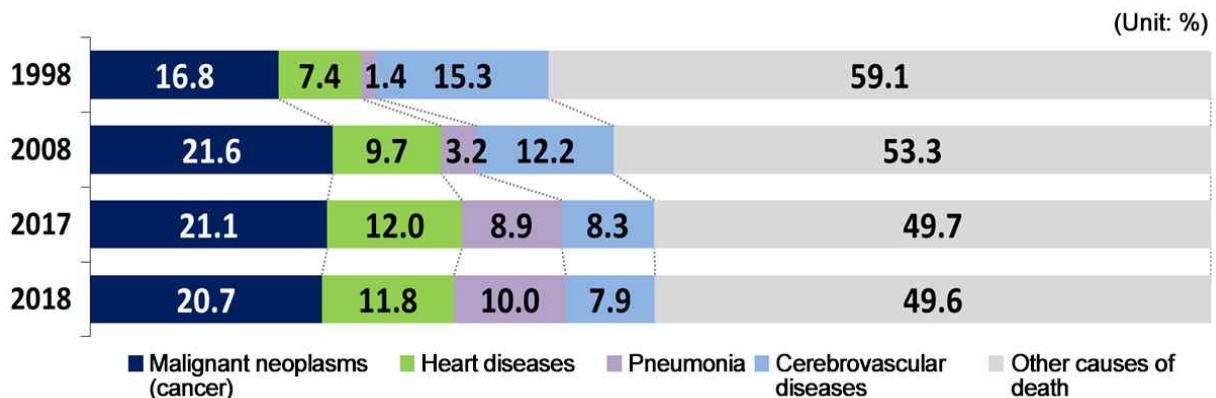
< Life expectancy at birth of major OECD member countries >



The probability of dying from pneumonia showed the highest increase for males and females. When eliminating cancer from causes of death, the life expectancy at birth would rise by 3.6 years.

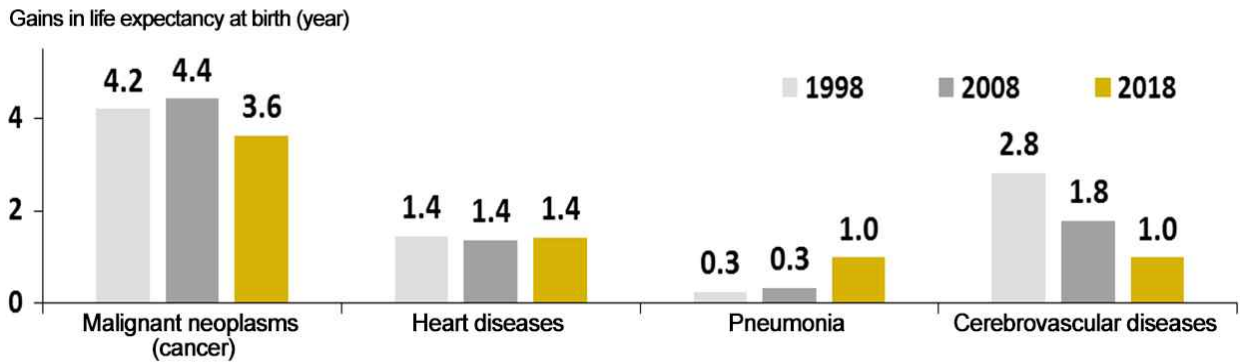
- As for people born in 2018, the probability of dying from cancer and heart diseases marked 20.7% and 11.8%, respectively. And the probability of dying from pneumonia and cerebrovascular diseases stood at 10.0% and 7.9%, respectively.
- In 2018, the probability of dying from pneumonia showed the highest increase of 1.1%p from 2017 and 6.8%p from 2008.

< Probability of dying from leading causes of death (1998-2018) >



- As for people born in 2018, the life expectancy at birth would increase by 3.6 years when eliminating cancer from causes of death, by 1.4 years when eliminating heart diseases and by 1.0 year when eliminating pneumonia.

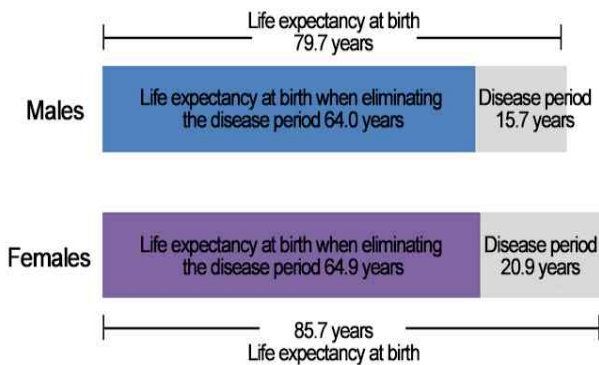
< Gains in life expectancy at birth when eliminating major causes of death (1998, 2008, 2018)>



When eliminating the disease period, the life expectancy at birth was 64.4 years. The life expectancy in perceived health at birth was 69.0 years.

- When eliminating the disease period, the life expectancy at birth was 64.0 years for males (80.3% of the life expectancy at birth) and 64.9 years for females (75.6% of the life expectancy at birth).

< Life expectancy at birth when eliminating the disease period (2018) >



< Life expectancy in perceived health at birth (2018) >

