

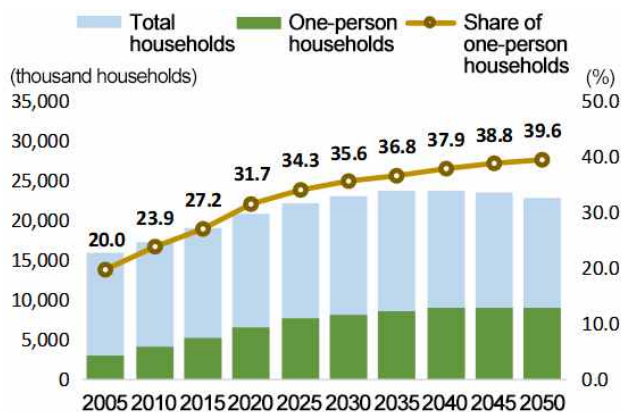


2022 Statistics of One-person Households

In 2021, one-person households accounted for 33.4% of the total households. This share is predicted to reach 39.6% in 2050.

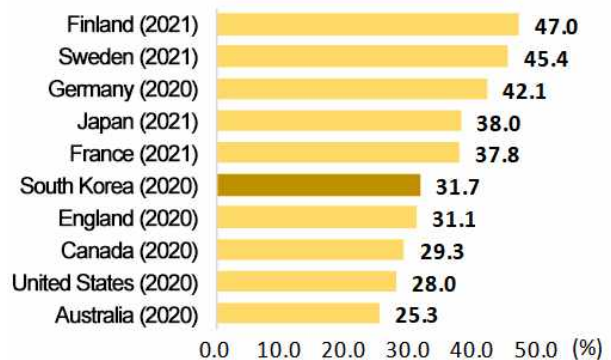
- In 2021, one-person households marked 7.166 million households, which took up 33.4% of the total households. As for one-person households by age group, households with a member aged 29 or less occupied the largest share at 19.8%. This figure was followed by those with a member aged 70 or more (18.1%), those with a member aged 30~39 (17.1%) and those with a member aged 60~69 (16.4%).
- In 2005, one-person households accounted for 20.0% of the total households. This figure is predicted to record 35.6% in 2030 and 39.6% in 2050.
- In England (2020), South Korea (2020), France (2021) and Japan (2020), the share of one-person households exceeded 30% of the total households. In Germany (2020), Sweden (2021) and Finland (2021), the share of one-person households exceeded 40% of the total households.
- In 2021, as for the share of one-person households by region, Daejeon recorded the highest figure of 37.6%, which was followed by Seoul (36.8%), Gangwon (36.3%) and Chungbuk (36.3%).

< Trend in one-person households >



Source: Statistics Korea <Population and Housing Census>, <Households projections: 2020~2050>

< Share of one-person households in OECD countries (2020) >

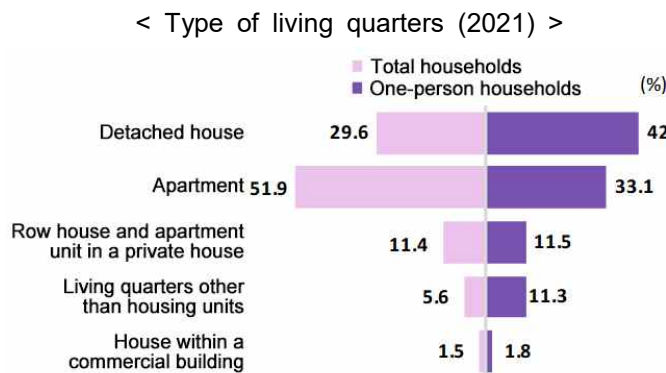


Source: Household Projections of OECD countries

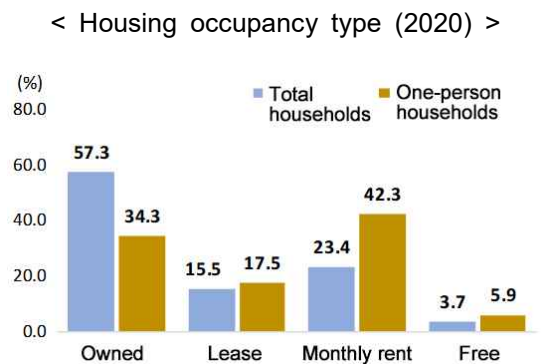
In 2021, as for type of living quarters of one-person households, 'Detached house' occupied the largest share at 42.2%, which was followed by 'Apartment' (33.1%).

- In 2021, as for one-person households by type of living quarters, 'Detached house' occupied the largest share at 42.2%, which was followed by 'Apartment' (33.1%) and 'Row house and apartment unit in a private house' (11.5%). Compared to the total households, one-person households residing in 'Detached house' and 'Living quarters other than housing units' showed a higher share.

- In 2020, as for one-person households by housing occupancy type, 'Monthly rent' took up the largest share at 42.3%, which was followed by 'Owned' (34.3%) and 'Lease' (17.5%).



Source: Statistics Korea <Population and Housing Census>



Source: Statistics Korea <Population and Housing Census> (20% sample enumeration results)

In 2021, employed one-person households totaled 4.14 million households, rising by 440 thousand households from 2020.

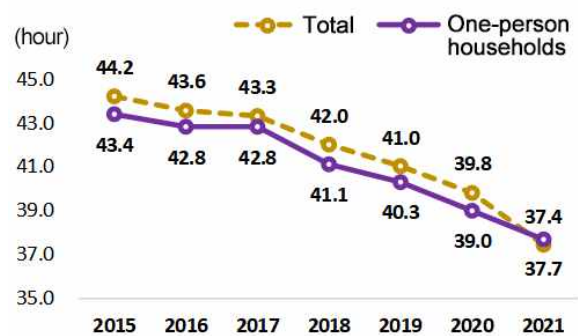
- In October 2021, employed one-person households totaled 4.14 million households. As for employed one-person households by age group, households with a member aged 50~64 occupied the largest share at 26.1%, which was followed by those with a member aged 30~39 (23.3%) and those with a member aged 15~29 (21.0%).
- The average hours worked of one-person households stood at 37.7 hours per week. This figure showed a decreasing trend from 2015.

< Trend in employed one-person households >



Source: Statistics Korea <Local Area Labor Force Survey> (As of October of each year)

< Average hours worked per week >

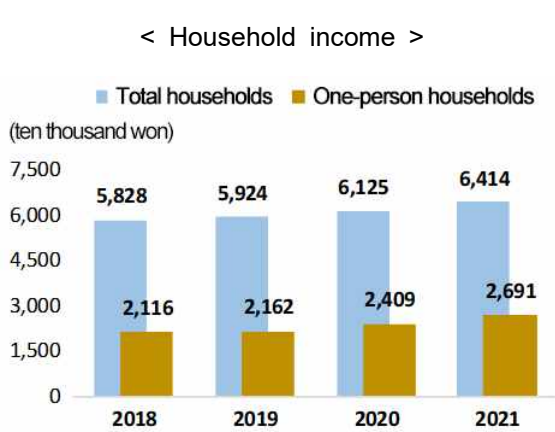


Source: Statistics Korea <Local Area Labor Force Survey>, <Economically Active Population Survey> (As of October of each year)

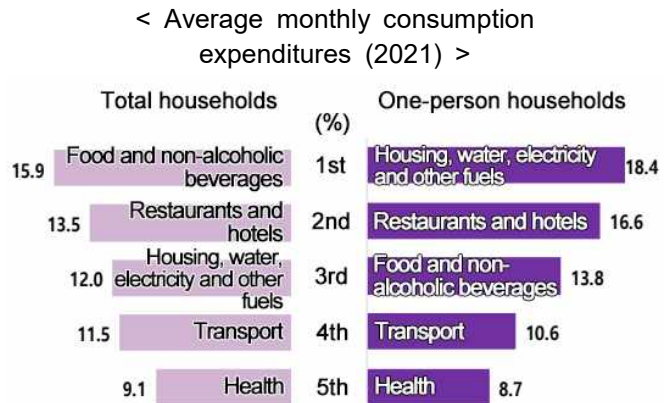
In 2021, the annual income of one-person households was 26.91 million won, which recorded 42.0% of the annual income of the total households.

- In 2021, the annual income of one-person households marked 26.91 million won, rising by 11.7% from 2020. The annual income of one-person households stood at 42.0% of the annual income of the total households (64.14 million won).

- In 2021, the average monthly consumption expenditures of one-person households amounted to 1.409 million won. This figure recorded 56.5% of the average monthly consumption expenditures of the total households (2.495 million won). Consumption expenditures on 'Housing, water, electricity and other fuels' (18.4%) occupied the largest share of the total consumption expenditures, which was followed by 'Hotels and restaurants' (16.6%).
- In 2022, the assets of one-person households marked 211.08 million won, which recorded 38.5% of the assets of the total households (547.72 million won). The liabilities of one-person households marked 35.83 million won, which stood at 39.1% of the of the total households (91.70 million won).



Source: Statistics Korea, Financial Supervisory Service, The Bank of Korea <Survey of Household Finances and Living Conditions>

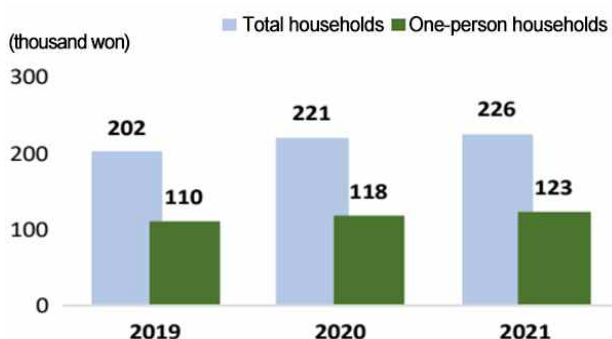


Source: Statistics Korea <Household Income and Expenditure Survey>

In 2021, the monthly average medical expenses of one-person households recorded 123 thousand won.

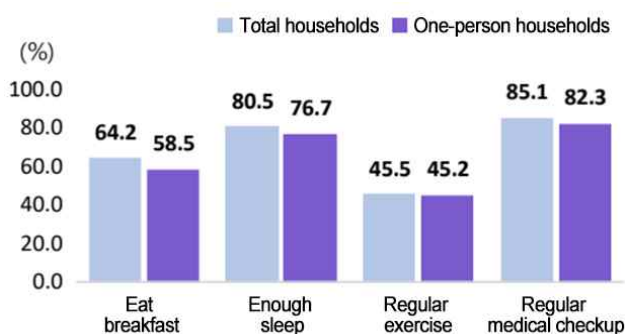
- In 2021, the monthly average medical expenses of one-person households totaled 123 thousand won, which stood at 54.4% of the medical expenses of the total households (226 thousand won). 'Outpatient medical service' (31.2%) occupied the largest share of medical expenses, which was followed by 'medicine' (29.5%).
- In 2022, as for the health care practice rate of one-person households, 'Regular medical checkup' recorded the highest figure of 82.3%, which was followed by 'Enough sleep' (76.7%), 'Eat breakfast regularly' (58.5%) and 'Exercise regularly' (45.2%).
- For the two weeks of the survey reference period in 2022, the prevalence rate of one-person households stood at 38.3%. The average illness days of patients recorded 10.9 days.

< Monthly average medical expenses (2021) >



Source: Statistics Korea <Household Income and Expenditure Survey>

< Health care practice rate (2022) >

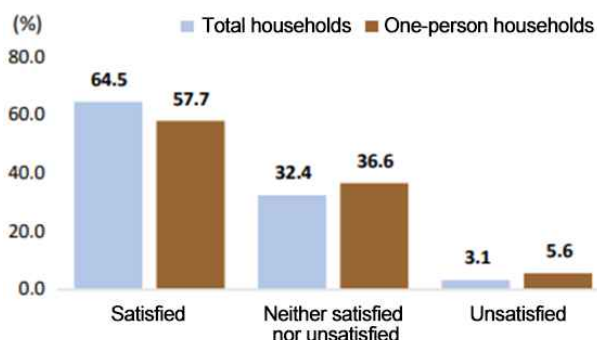


Source: Statistics Korea <Social Survey>

In 2022, 57.7% of one-person households were satisfied with their overall family relationships.

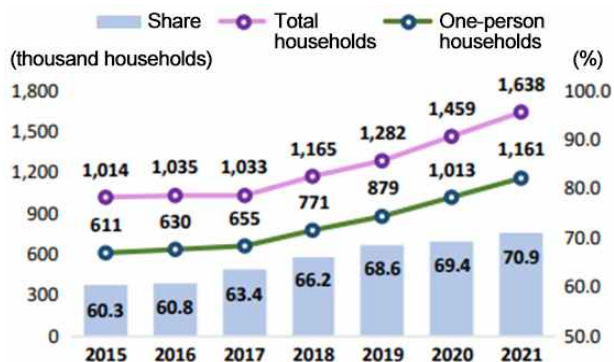
- In 2022, 57.7% of one-person households were satisfied with their overall family relationships. This share was 6.8%p lower than that of the total population (64.5%).
- In 2022, 46.7% of one-person households were satisfied with their overall human relationships. This share was 6.1%p lower than that of the total population (52.8%).
- In 2021, one-person households receiving national basic livelihood security amounted to 1.161 million households, which occupied 70.9% of the total households receiving national basic livelihood security.

< Satisfaction with family relationships (2022) >



Source: Statistics Korea <Social Survey>

< Households receiving national basic livelihood security >



Source: Ministry of Health and Welfare <National Basic Livelihood Security Recipient Statistics>

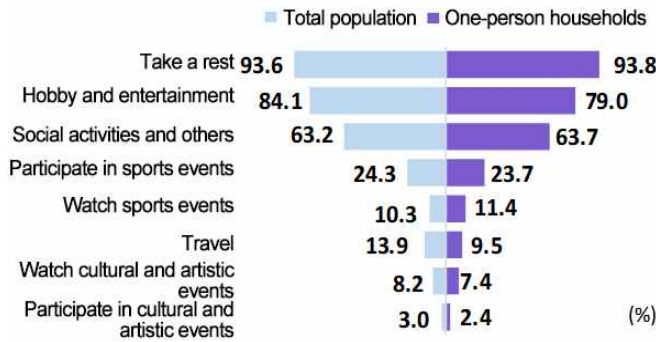
As for leisure activities of one-person households in 2021, 'Take a rest' (93.8%) occupied the largest share, which was followed by 'Hobby and entertainment' (79.0%).

- As for leisure activities of one-person households in 2021, 'Take a rest' (93.8%) occupied the largest share, which was followed by 'Hobby and entertainment' (79.0%) and 'Social activities and others' (63.7%).
- In 2021, the average daily leisure time of one-person households stood at 4.4 hours on weekdays, which was 0.6 hour longer than that of the total population. The average daily leisure time of one-person households stood at 6.4 hours on weekends, which was

0.6 hour longer than that of the total population.

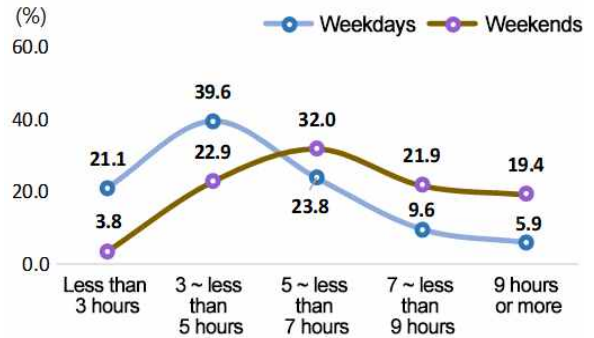
- In 2021, as for the average monthly expenditures on leisure activities of one-person households, the largest share (34.0%) of them spent 150 thousand won or more. This figure was followed by 'Less than 30 thousand won' (20.1%), '90 ~ 150 thousand won' (17.0%) and '50 ~ 70 thousand won' (16.6%).

< Leisure activities for the past year (2021) >



Source: Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism <Korean Leisure Activity Survey>

< Average daily leisure time of one-person households (2021) >

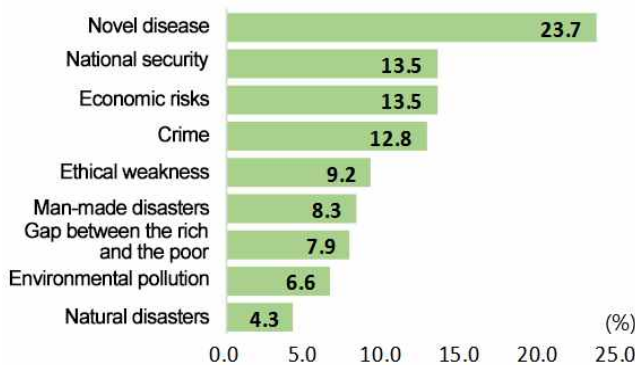


Source: Ministry of Culture, Sports and Tourism <Korean Leisure Activity Survey>

The largest share of one-person households thought novel diseases (23.7%) were the greatest threat to social safety.

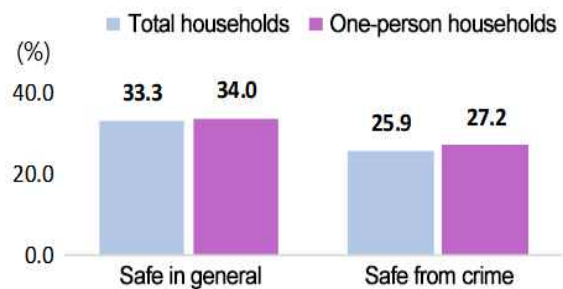
- In 2022, one-person households thought that 'Novel diseases' (23.7%) were the biggest threat to social safety, which was followed by 'National security' (13.5%), 'Economic risks' (13.5%) and 'Crime' (12.8%).
- In 2022, 34.0% of one-person households thought that the Korean society was safe in general. This share was 0.7%p higher than that of the total population. 27.2% of one-person households thought that the Korean society was safe from crime. This share was 1.3%p higher than that of the total population.

< Main causes for social insecurity (2022) >



Source: Statistics Korea <Social Survey>

< Awareness of social safety (2022) >



Source: Statistics Korea <Social Survey>